# Digital Archives for Nuclear Emulsion Data

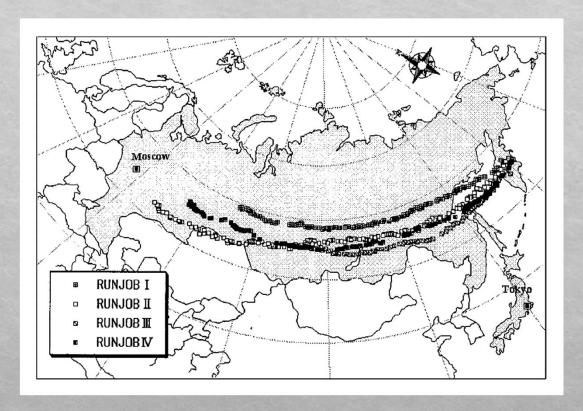
- past experiments in cosmic-ray and accelerator physics -
- HTS runs at ~0.5m²/h read-out speed.
- In past emulsion experiments, NOT ALL phemomenon recorded in emulsion was studied, especially those did not match their physics purposes.
- It will be interesting to try to understand everything recorded in those emulsions ... which is being possible by HTS.
  - RUNJOB in cosmic-ray experiment (our primary target)
  - DONUT in neutrino experiment
  - NA34-emulsion, EMU09 in high energy heavy ion experiment ...
- A scheme to share those emulsion data → **Digital Archives**

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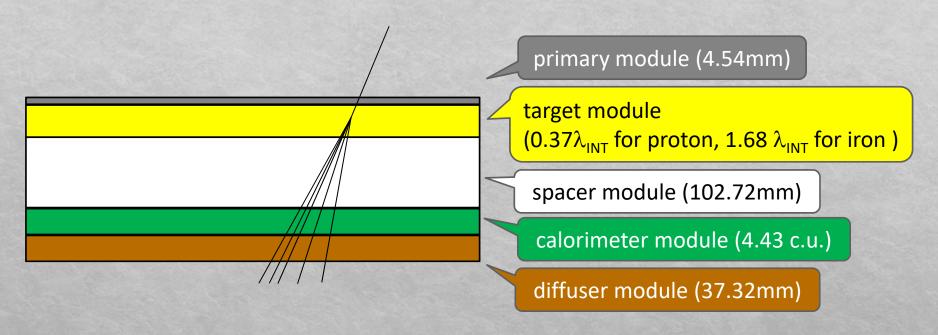
### **RUNJOB**

#### RUssia-Nippon JOint Balloon-program



- 10 successful flights ( 1995~1997,1999 )
  - Each flight was  $\sim$ 140 hours at mean altitude of  $\sim$  10g/cm<sup>2</sup> (30 $\sim$ 35km)
- HTS scanning done for the chamber V-A of 1997 flight.

## RUNJOB chamber structure (1997 flight)

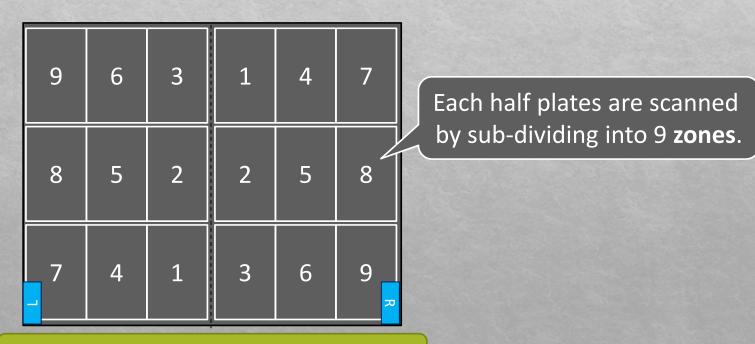


■ The chamber consistes of two identical blocks and each block has 41 emulsion plates of  $50 \text{cm} \times 40 \text{cm} \Rightarrow 8.2 \text{m}^2$ .

Materials (iron plates, Xray films, lead plates ...) are interleaved among emulsion plates.

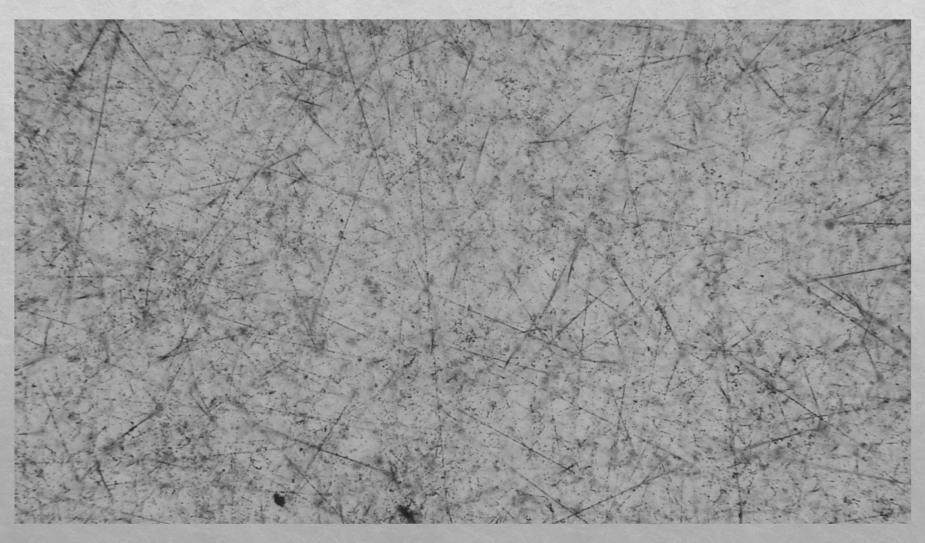
### MicroTrack read-out by HTS

- To fullfill requirements for HTS scanning ...
  - **swelling** to expand emulsion layer thickness > 60μm
  - cut each plate (40cm×50cm) in 2 pieces (40cm×25cm)

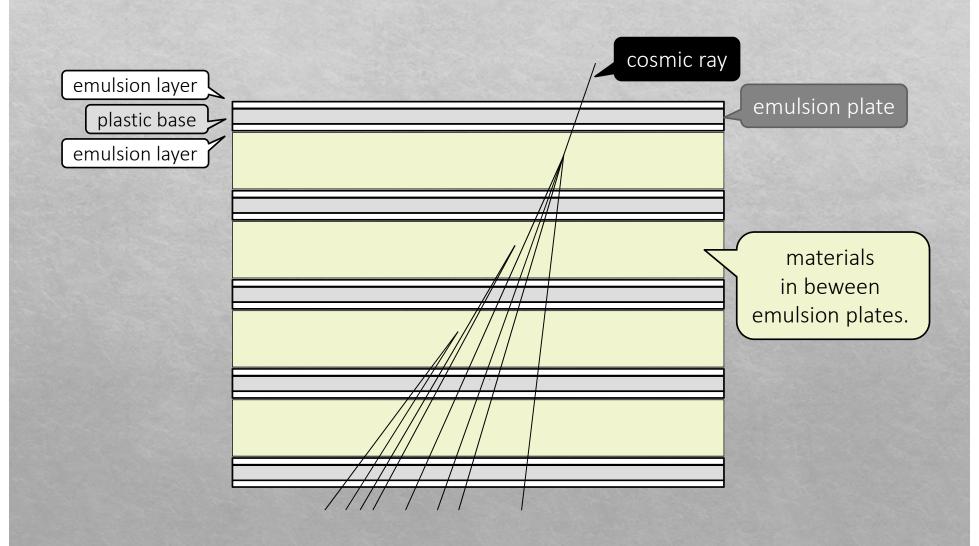


RUNJOB emulsion plate 40cm×50cm

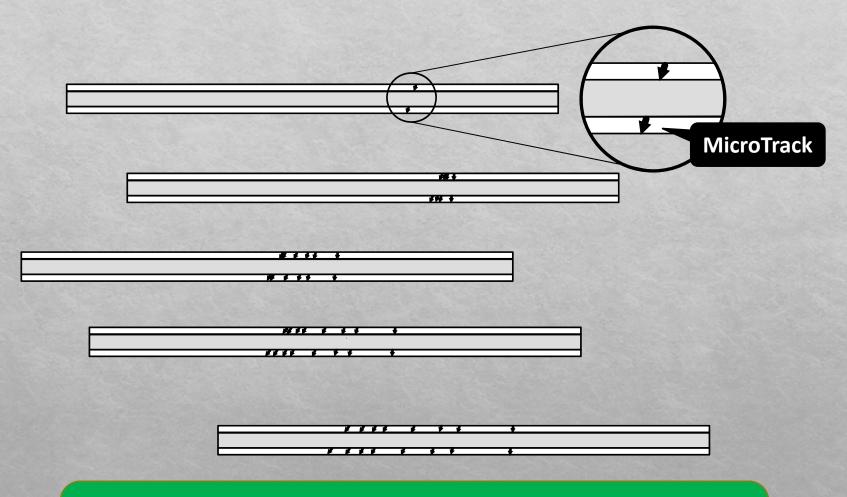
# Microscope image of RUNJOB emulsion



### Schematic view of an interaction in emulsion chamber

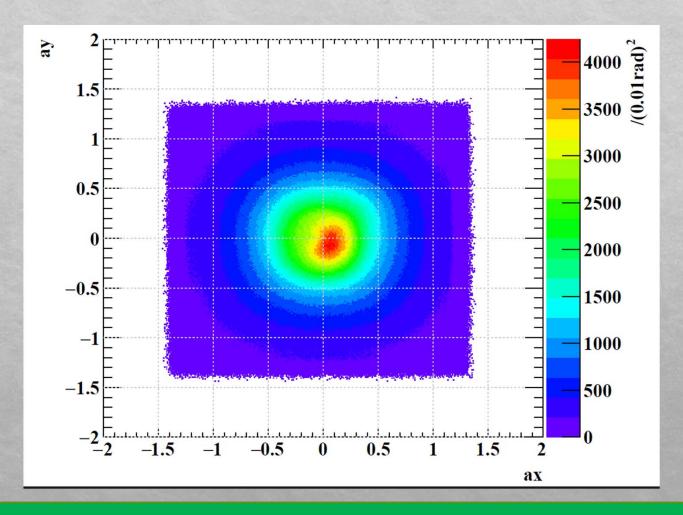


### Emulsion tracking data actually read-out



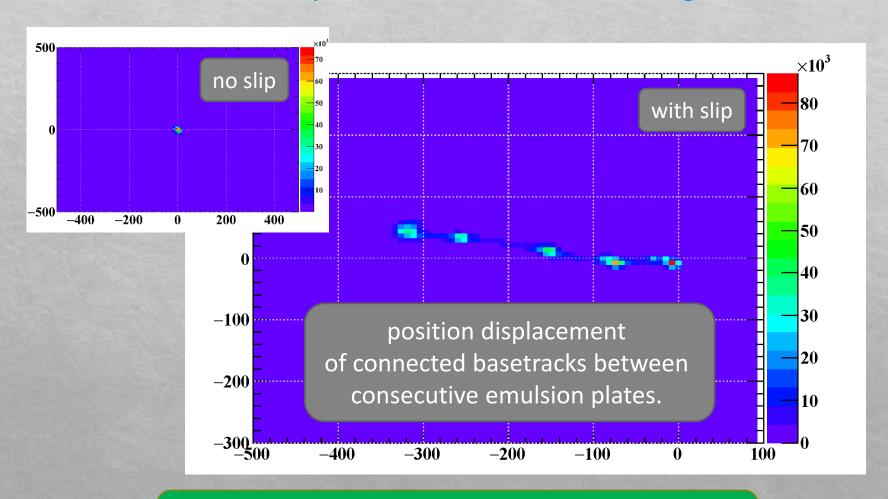
Emulsion Chamber is de-packed to develop emulsion plates ... thus precise relative positioning among those plates are lost. First step of analysis is to re-construct those positioning.

# Angle acceptance of HTS scan



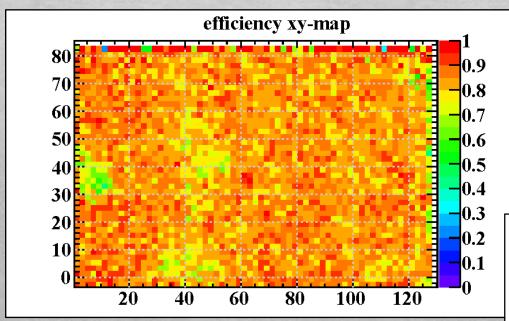
BaseTrack angle distribution of RUNJOB scanning is  $tan\theta \le 1.4$ 

"SLIP" emulsion plate moves! while in flight?



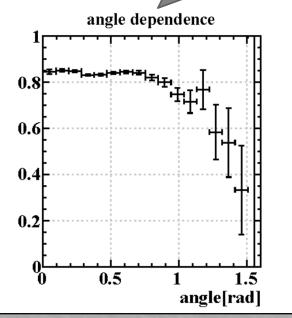
Those "SLIPs" should be taken into account properly in reconstructing tracks and vertices.

## Track recognition efficiency



Track recognition efficiency ~ 0.82 for plate #5, zone=5. ... depends on plate qualty.

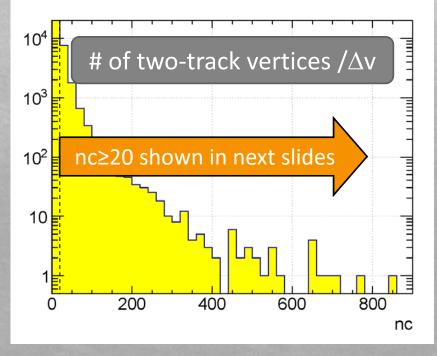
efficiency depends on track angle



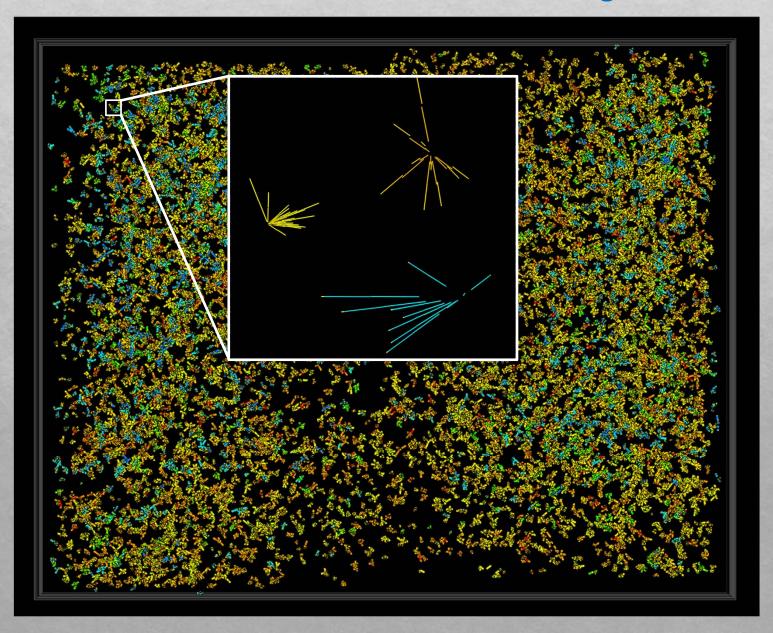
# Search for vertices/interactions in the target module

**Two-track vertex**  $\Delta r < 5 \mu m$ ,  $\Delta \theta > 20 mrad$ **slip-difference** r<10μm Linklet emulsion plate Δθ emulsion plate

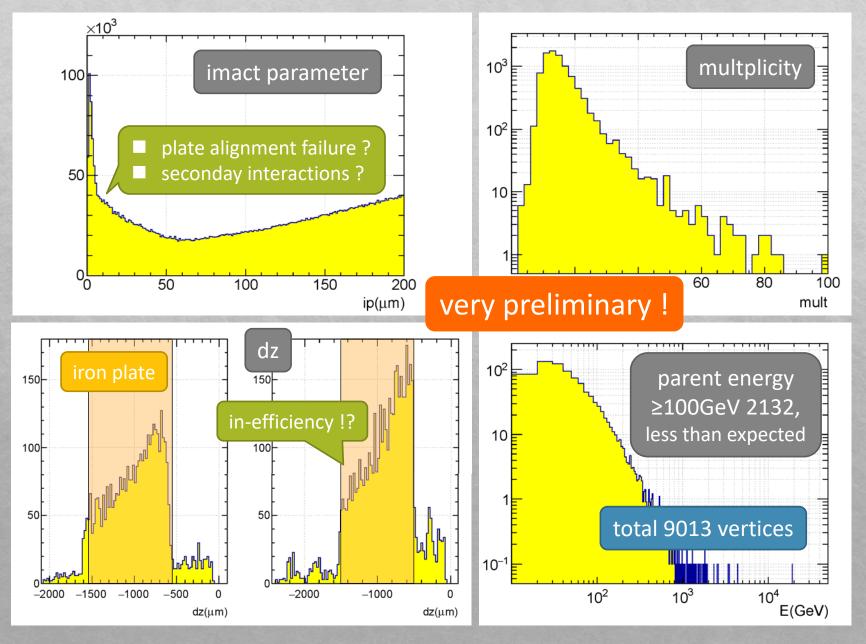
Using all pair of **Linklets**, find small regions of  $\Delta v = 20 \mu m \times 20 \mu m \times 40 \mu m (vertical),$  where two-track vertices are concentrated, in this yellow volume.



# Selected vertices/interactions in the target module

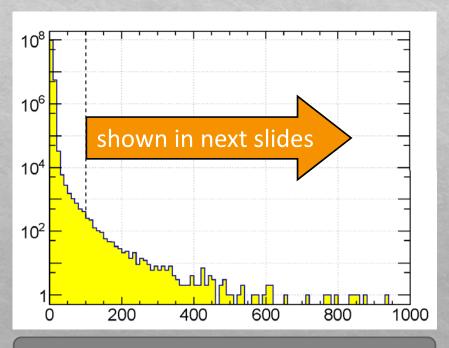


# Selected vertices/interactions in the target module



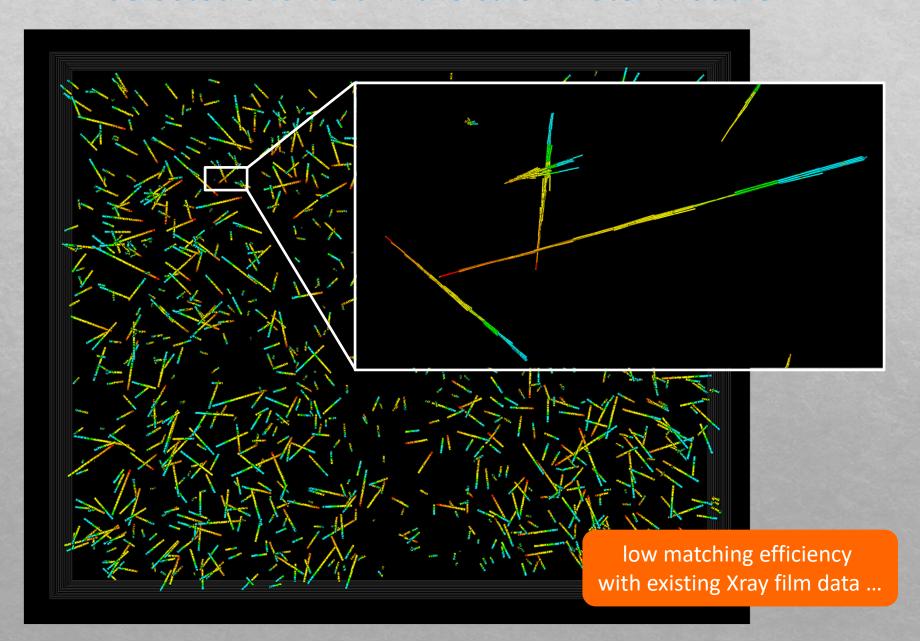
### Selection of showers in the calorimeter module

- cascade showers tends to have many parallel tracks/electrons.
- tracks (i.e. trajectories of each electrons) will be corss connected.
- they could be selected as **ChainGroups** having large number of **basetracks**.



# of BaseTracks in each ChainGroups

### Selected showers in the calorimeter module



### Summary

- Minimum bias re-analysis of past emulsion experiments could be possible.
  - RUNJOB (our primary tartget), JACEE, DONUT, EMU09-emulsion etc.
  - HTS would be able to read all emulsion tracks and topologies found in data can be checked in emulsion ( navi ).
- Half of RUNJOB 1997 flight had been fineshed HTS scanning.
  - A size of full set data is about 10Tbytes.
  - Data quality is being checked ... by analyzing vertices in the target module and showers in the calorimeter module ... problems to be understood.